#### Ascent Classical Academy of Fort Mill

### Concussion Awareness Information

## Information for Student-Athletes and Parents / Legal Guardians (Keep This Page)



Concussions at all levels of sports have received a great deal of attention and a state law has been passed to address this issue. Adolescent athletes are particularly vulnerable to the effects of concussion. Once considered little more than a minor "ding" to the head, it is now understood that a concussion has the potential to result in death, or changes in brain function (either short-term or long-term). A concussion is a brain injury that results in a temporary disruption of normal brain function. A concussion occurs when the brain is violently rocked back and forth or twisted inside the skull as a result of a blow to the head or body. Continued participation in any sport following a concussion can lead to worsening concussion symptoms, as well as increased risk for further injury to the brain, and even death. Player and parental education in this area is crucial – that is the reason for this document.

**What is a concussion?** A concussion is an injury to the brain caused by a direct or indirect blow to the head. It results in your brain not working as it should. It may or may not cause you to black out or pass out. It can happen to you from a fall, a hit to the head, or a hit to the body that causes your head and your brain to move quickly back and forth.

**How do I know if I have a concussion?** There are many signs and symptoms that you may have following a concussion. A concussion can affect your thinking, the way your body feels, your mood, or your sleep. Here is what to look for:

Thinking/Remembering	Physical	Emotional/Mood	Sleep
Difficulty thinking clearly Taking longer to figure things out Difficulty concentrating Difficulty remembering new information	Headache Fuzzy or blurry vision Feeling sick to your stomach Vomiting/throwing up Dizziness Balance problems Sensitivity to noise or light	Irritability-things bother you more easily Sadness Being more moody Feeling nervous or worried Crying more	Sleeping more than usual Sleeping less than usual Trouble falling asleep Feeling tired

Table is adapted from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (http://www.cdc.gov/concussion/)

**What should I do if I think a student-athlete has sustained a concussion?** If you suspect a student-athlete is experiencing any of the signs and symptoms listed above, you immediately remove them from participation, let their parents know, and/or refer them to the appropriate medical personnel.

What are the warning signs that a more significant head injury may have occurred? If they have a headache that gets worse over time, experience loss of coordination or abnormal body movements, have repeated nausea, vomiting, slurred speech, or you witness what you believe to be a severe head impact, you should refer them to appropriate medical personnel immediately.

What are some of the long-term or cumulative issues that may result from a concussion? Individuals may have trouble in some of their classes at school or even with activities at home. Down the road, especially if their injury is not managed properly, or if they return to play too early, they may experience issues such as being depressed, not feeling well, or have trouble remembering things for a long time. Once an individual has a con-cussion, they are also more likely to sustain another concussion.

How do I know when it's ok for a student-athlete to return to participation after a suspected concussion?

Any student-athlete experiencing signs and symptoms consistent with a concussion should be immediately removed from play or practice and referred to appropriate medical personnel. They should not be returned to play or practice on the same day. To return to play or practice, they will need written clearance from a medical professional trained in concussion management.

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# Concussion Awareness Form 2025-2026



Please complete this form and return it to your coach or a member of the school administration team.

Student's Full Name	e (printed)	
Parent/Guardian's	Full Name (printed)	
Student-Athlete (check or initial)		Parent/Guardian (check or initial)
	A concussion is a brain injury, which should be reported to my parents, my coach(es), or a medical professional if one is available.	
	A concussion can affect the ability to perform everyday activities such as the ability to think, balance, and classroom performance.	
	A concussion cannot be "seen." Some symptoms might be present right away. Other symptoms can show up hours or days after an injury.	
	I will tell my parents, my coach, and/or a medical professional about my injuries and illnesses.	
	If I think a teammate has a concussion, I should tell my coach(es), parents, or medical professional about the concussion.	n/a
	I will not return to play in a game or practice if a hit to my head or body causes any con-cussion-related symptoms.	n/a
	I will/my child will need written permission from a medical professional trained in con-cussion management to return to play or practice after a concussion.	
	Based on the latest data, most concussions take days or weeks to get better. A concus-sion may not go away right away. I realize that resolution from this injury is a process and may require more than one medical evaluation.	
	I realize that ER/Urgent Care physicians will not provide clearance if seen right away after the injury.	
	After a concussion, the brain needs time to heal. I understand that I am/my child is much more likely to have another concussion or more serious brain injury if return to play or practice occurs before concussion symptoms go away.	
	Sometimes, repeat concussions can cause serious and long-lasting problems.	
	I have read the concussion symptoms on the Concussion Information Sheet.	
published by the Natior consistent with a concu appropriate health care or a practice on the san a concussion shall be cl	mies South Carolina Concussion Policy: In accordance with South Carolina law and nated Federation of State High School Associations, any athlete who exhibits signs, sympassion shall be immediately removed from the practice or contest and shall not return professional has determined that no concussion has occurred. (1) No athlete is allow the eday that a concussion (a) has been diagnosed, or (b) cannot be ruled out. (2) Any at eared medically by an appropriate health care professional prior to resuming participates formulation of a gradual return to play protocol shall be a part of the medical clearal	otoms, or behaviors to play until an yed to return to a game hlete diagnosed with pation in any future
STUDENT-ATHLETE SIGNATURE		DATE
PARENT/GUARDIAN SIGNATURE		DATE